

Hand Hygiene 1st line of defence against the spread of Coronavirus

Your hand nygiene expert



Global Context

Most contamination has been detected in mainland China, but other countries are now affected with several confirmed cases.

"We must act together to limit propagation", explained the WHO Director General, Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus. Human-to-human transmission has been recorded in China, Germany, Japan, Vietnam, the United States and France.

Characteristics of the virus

This new coronavirus, named 2019-nCoV, seems to have been transmitted to humans by animals according to the most likely hypothesis. Since then, human-to-human transmission has been proved. The symptoms (fever, cough, headache, breathing difficulties) appear up to 14 days after contamination. The virus can cause a form of severe pneumonia and be fatal.

Prevention

The standard recommendations from the WHO for the general public aim to reduce exposure and transmission, particularly by hygiene measures for hands and the respiratory tract:

- · Wash your hands frequently.
- When you cough and sneeze, cover your mouth and nose with your elbow, or use a disposable tissue. Discard it immediately and wash your hands.
- Avoid any close contact with anyone who has a fever and a cough.
- If you have a fever, cough and breathing difficulties, quickly contact a doctor using the procedure put in place by your country and inform your health professional of your travel history.

Kersia Recommendations

Kersia encourages you to be vigilant and apply the good practice rules for detergency and disinfection of your equipment, surfaces, floors and hands. Kersia will support you with specific global audits. Do not hesitate to contact your Kersia adviser.

Good practices

- 1. Wet hands and forearms
- 2. Take a dose of DUO TOUCH' or SOFTY TOUCH' soap



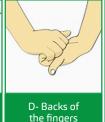
Carry out good practices and use the right products! Washing hands with soap and water is essential to remove soiling and ensure maximum disinfection efficacy.

3. Rub hands for 30 seconds making the rubbing movements shown below:



the hand and vice versa











E- Around the thumbs

the palm

G- Wrists

- 4. Rinse and dry hands with a disposable towel
- 5. Take a dose of DISINFECTANT GEL or **DISINFECTANT SOLUTION hand sanitiser**
- 6. Repeat the protocol, rubbing hands for a minimum of 90 seconds for a virucidal action
- 7. Do not rinse





Hand Hygiene

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SOFTY TOUCH' HYPOALLERGENIC

The stage of cleaning hands with soap and water is essential for the removal of soiling, even if it is not visible to the naked eye, that prevents the disinfectant working correctly.

- + Contains a lipid protector
- + Dermatologically tested
- + Close to the skin's physiological pH
- + Formulated with surfactants selected for their excellent compatibility with the skin
- + Ensures hands are properly washed
- + Fragrance- and colourant-free

DUO TOUCH'

2-IN-1

DUO TOUCH' is a 2-in-1 soap which cleans and disinfects hands.

Bactericide	EN 1276	30 sec
	EN 1499	30 sec 1.5 ml
Yeasticide	EN 1650	30 sec

- + Rapid disinfectant action
- + Bactericide and yeasticide
- + Disinfectant action in the presence of interfering substances
- + Suitable for frequent use
- + Fragrance- and colourant-free





Our hydroalcoholic disinfectants ensure optimum hand disinfection:

- + Broad spectrum of action: bactericide, yeasticide, fungicide, virucide
- + Rinse-free
- + Ready to use
- + Fragrance- and colourant-free
- + Suitable for frequent use

DISINFECTANT

Bactericide	EN 1276	30 sec
	EN 1500	30 sec 3ml
Yeasticide Fungicidal	EN 1650	30 sec
Virucide	EN 14476	90 sec
	EN 14476	90 sec

DISINFECTANT SOLUTION

	EN 1276	30 sec
Bactericide	EN 1500	30 sec 3ml
Yeasticide Fungicidal	EN 1650	30 sec
Virucide	EN 14476	90 sec